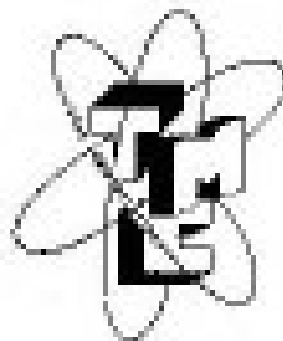


INSTRUCTION BOOK
for
**ANTENNA TUNING
UNIT
MODEL TAC**



THE TECHNICAL MATERIEL CORPORATION
Manassas, New York

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION I—GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Paragraph	Page
1. Purpose and Basic Principles	1-3
2. Description of the Unit	1-5
3. Reference Data	1-5

SECTION II—THEORY OF OPERATION

1. Theory of Operation	2-1
------------------------	-----

SECTION III—INSTALLATION AND OPERATION

1. Installation	3-1
2. Electrical Connections	3-1
3. Operation and Controls	3-1
4. Tuning Procedures	3-2
5. Examples	3-3
6. Extended Frequency Range Operation	3-3

SECTION IV—MAINTENANCE

1. Maintenance Instructions	4-1
2. Parts List	4-1

LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

SECTION I—GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Figure	Page
1-1. Model TAC-1, Antenna Tuning Unit	1-1
1-2. The Antenna Tuning Unit Mounted on TMC Model GPT-7M Radio Transmitter	1-3

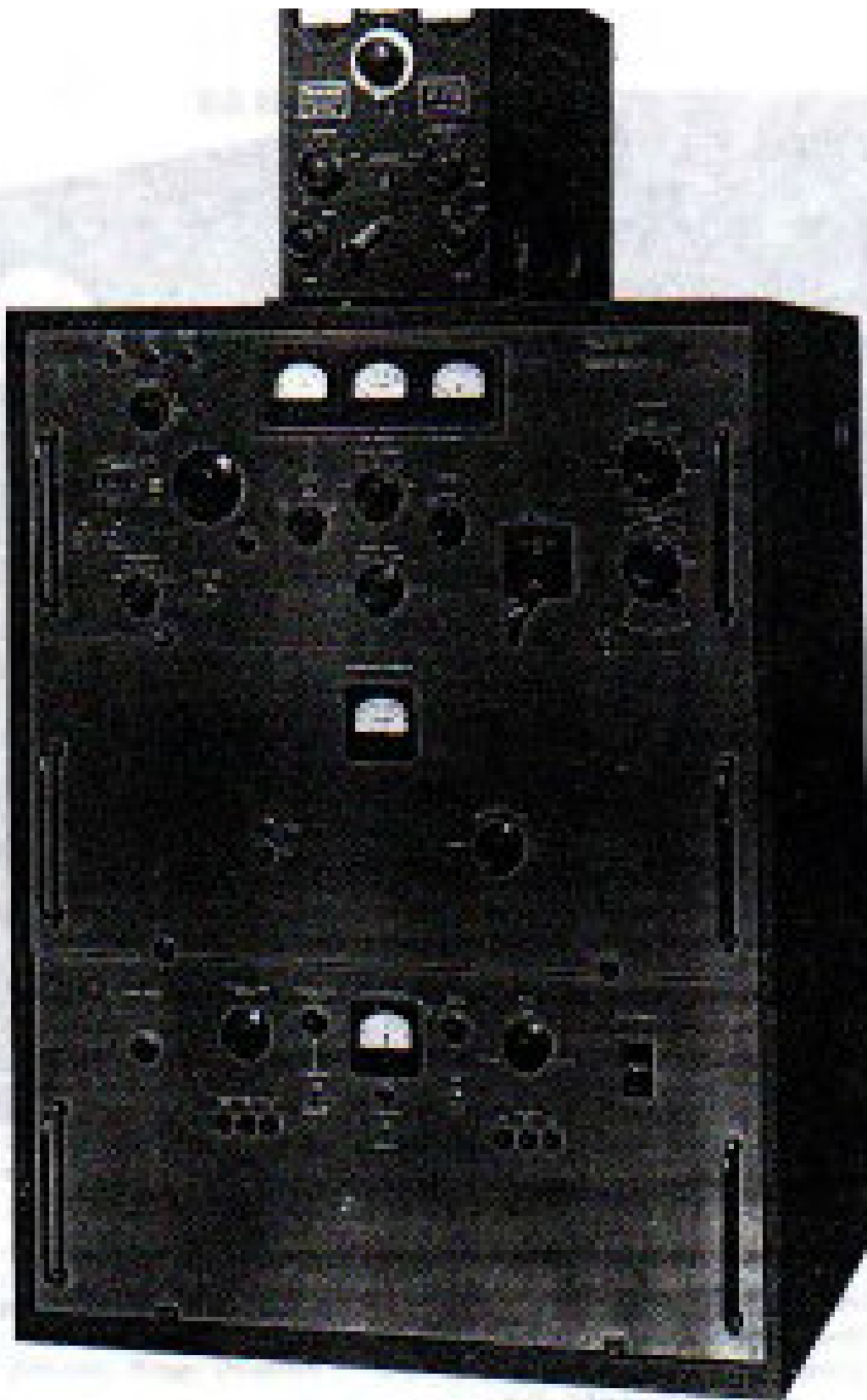
SECTION III—INSTALLATION AND OPERATION

3-1. Extended Frequency Range Operation	3-1
---	-----

SECTION IV—MAINTENANCE

4-1. Front and Rear Views, Model TAC-1 with Protective Case, Model CTC	4-1
4-2. Rear View, Input and Output Connections Between Unit and Case	4-1
4-3. Front and Left Side View	4-1
4-4. Right Side View	4-1
4-5. Right Side and Rear View	4-1
4-6. Top View	4-1
4-7. Control Wheel and Shaft Assembly Z101	4-6
4-8. Single Leaf Switch Assembly Z103	4-7
4-9. Double Leaf Switch Assembly Z104	4-8
4-10. Schematic Diagram Tuning Chart (Inside Back Cover)	4-21





SECTION I GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1. PURPOSE AND BASIC PRINCIPLES

The Antenna Tuning Unit, Model TAC-1 has been designed to couple the output of the GFT-7H transmitters, or any transmitter with a nominal output impedance of 70 ohms, to balanced or unbalanced loads from 50 to 1200 ohms. The unit covers the frequency range of 2 to 18 mc. with very little insertion loss and will, in addition, cover the range of 18 to 30 mc. at slightly lower efficiencies. Provisions are also included in the unit which will permit operation down to 1.7 mc. with a balanced load and 1.5 mc. with an unbalanced load. These loads are taken to zero resistance or transmission lines.

The unit consists of a tapped inductance tuned by a split motor capacitor. Portions of the inductance are shorted out as the frequency of operation increases. A variable contact on the inductance serves to vary the ratio of inductance in the tank circuit to the inductance in the load circuit hence matching the load to the transmitter.

2. DESCRIPTION OF THE UNIT

The entire unit is housed in a steel case with a removable cover. However, the unit is so designed that all connections may be made without removing the cover. The unit is 9 1/4 in. wide by 14 1/2 in. high by 22 in. long and weighs approximately 25 pounds.

Mounting channels are provided with holes appropriately spaced to match transmission rods. All controls, and meters for monitoring the various currents are located on the front panel. Isolated terminal posts which are easily reached through apertures on the rear of the cover permit connections to balanced or unbalanced loads. Particular care has been taken to insulate the unit from the high voltages which may occur in such a device.

3. REFERENCE DATA

a. FREQUENCY RANGE

2 to 30 mc. in seven bands, balanced/unbalanced loads.

1.7 to 2 mc. balanced load using additional vacuum capacitor furnished.

1.5 to 2 mc. unbalanced load using shunting bar furnished.

b. INPUT IMPEDANCE

Nominally 70 ohms.

c. OUTPUT IMPEDANCE

Continuously adjustable 50 to 1200 ohms.

d. INPUT CONNECTIONS

UHF series UG-39C/U receptacle. (Same as 9C-239 but with Teflon insert.)

e. OUTPUT CONNECTIONS

Isolated stand-offs at rear of unit.

f. EFFICIENCY

Exceeds 80% in the range 2 to 18 mc. Slightly lower efficiency in the range 18 to 30 mc.

g. POWER

Designed for 1000 watts continuous carrier.

h. FRONT PANEL CONTROLS

COUPLING switch

BAND switch

BAL/UNBAL LOAD switch

GROUND/UNGROUND ROTOR switch

LOAD ADJUST indicator

TUNING dial

ANTENNA CURRENT thermocouple meter 0 to 5 amp.

i. COMPONENTS AND CONSTRUCTION

All parts of the unit are manufactured in accordance with JAN/MIL specifications wherever possible.

SECTION II THEORY OF OPERATION

1. THEORY OF OPERATION

In coupling a transmitter to a transmission line or antenna, the basic problem is one of impedance matching. The coupling device introduced between the transmitter and the load should be capable of transforming the impedance of the load, so that the transmitter output tube is working into the proper resistance. The tube is working into the proper resistance when the final tank circuit is tuned to resonance, and the loading is such that the tube is drawing rated plate current. The optimum value of load resistance is, therefore, reached

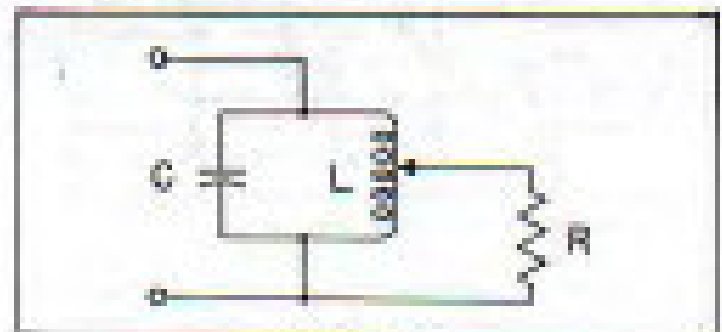


Figure 2-1

when the coupling is adjusted to bring the plate current to the normal operating value.

It is the property of a tuned parallel circuit that a resistive load tapped across a portion of the circuit is equivalent to a higher value of resistance tapped across the whole circuit.

Since the unloaded resonant impedance of the L-C combination is considerably higher than the load R , it is possible to match a range of impedances in this manner.

When the transmission line or antenna presents a reactive component, in addition to the resistive component, the reactive components being either inductive or capacitive, they will appear as a series combination as shown in Figure 3-2.

This series combination may be transformed by analytical methods to its equivalent parallel combination as in Figure 3-3.

The reactive portion of the load is reflected into the tuned circuit along with the resistive portion. If the load has an equivalent parallel combination of an inductive reactance, it will detune the tank circuit off resonance, and the capacitance of C must be increased to bring the tank back to resonance.

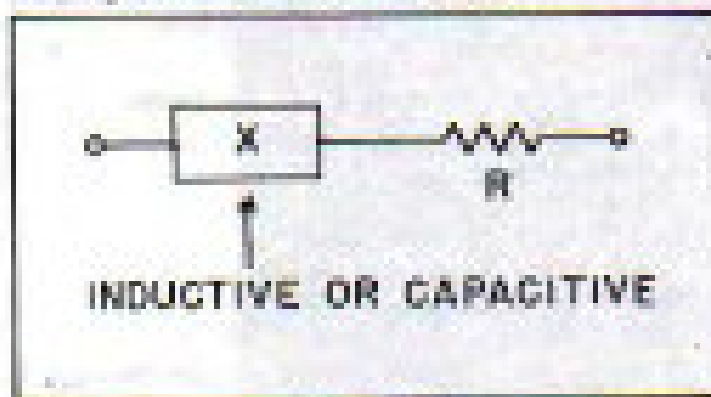


Figure 3-2

If the load has an equivalent capacitive reactance, C must be decreased to bring the tank back to resonance. Therefore, it is evident that the reactance of the load is balanced out by the tuning condenser in bringing the system to true resonance. When this resonance has been obtained, the load R is transformed to a higher value by the action of the tuned resonant circuit.

Figure 3-4 is a simplified schematic diagram of the Antenna Tuning Unit and a transmitter final. The transmitter final is first coupled to the unit input through a short length of RG-11/U coaxial cable. The coupling coil in the unit electro-magnetically couples to the tank circuit, composed of L_1 , L_2 , C_1 and C_2 , which are tuned to the resonant frequency. The load is connected to the tank through a set of wheels which ride on the inside edges of L_1 and L_2 . These wheels are on a common shaft and are positioned by the LOAD ADJUST control. Since the coils L_1 and L_2 are oppositely wound, the wheels move in or out from the ground plane symmetrically. It is these wheels which tap the coils properly for the desired impedance transformation. Note that this is a balanced system providing properly phased currents to a balanced load. In the event of an unbalanced load, one half of the system is used.

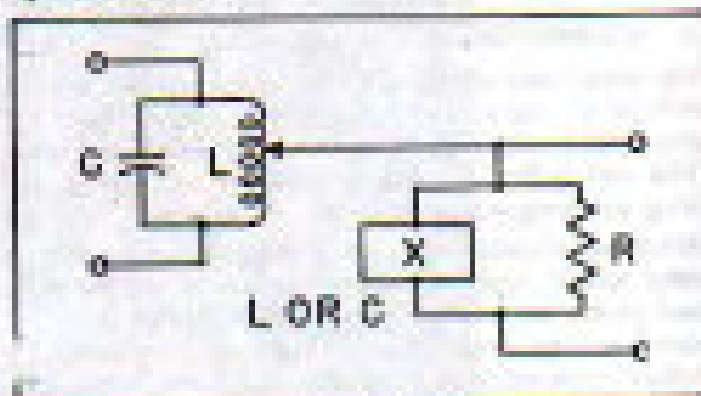


Figure 3-3

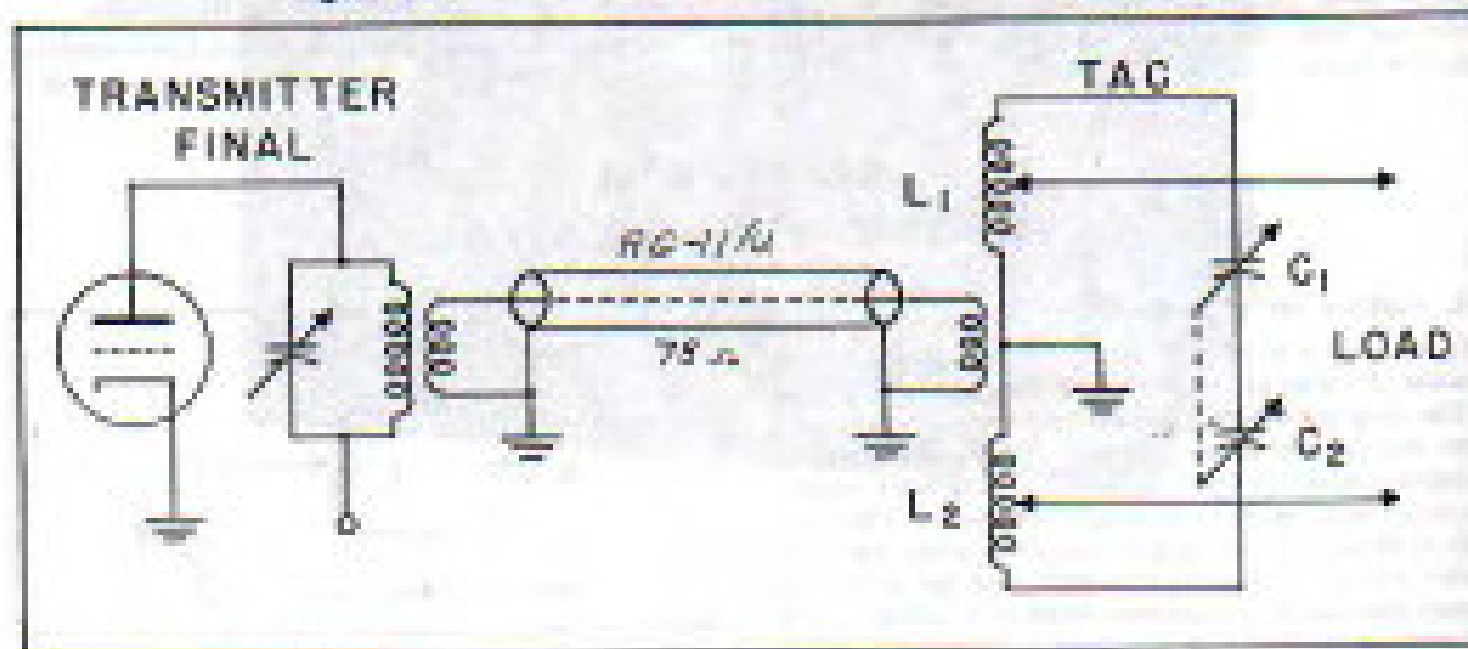


Figure 3-4

INSTALLATION AND OPERATION

1. INSTALLATION

a. UNPACKING.

The Antenna Tuning Unit is designed for ease of installation and minimum effort in operation. The unit is packed, and preserved when required, in its individual container. The equipment should be carefully unpacked and a close visual inspection made to ascertain any physical damage due to rough handling during shipment.

A UHF type plug PL-159A has been provided as a spare item, and is packed in a bag attached to the front panel.

b. MOUNTING.

The Antenna Tuning Unit is fastened securely to the top of a transmitter by means of four wing nuts. A short length of RG-11/U coaxial cable serves to connect the output of the transmitter to the input of the unit. The input terminal has been placed on the rear left corner of the unit so that the connecting cable does not interfere with transmitter operation. The input jack is a UG-296/U connector with Teflon insulation capable of withstanding high voltage surges.

2. ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS.

After the unit has been installed on the transmitter, attach the load. The load terminal connections on the rear of the unit are shown in Figure 3-1. It is not necessary to remove the cover to attach the load. Ample holes in the rear of the cover give easy access to the connectors. Note the difference between BALANCED and UNBALANCED load terminals as indicated by arrows. When working into an unbalanced load, CONNECT NOTHING TO THE LEFT HAND MAIN TERMINAL.

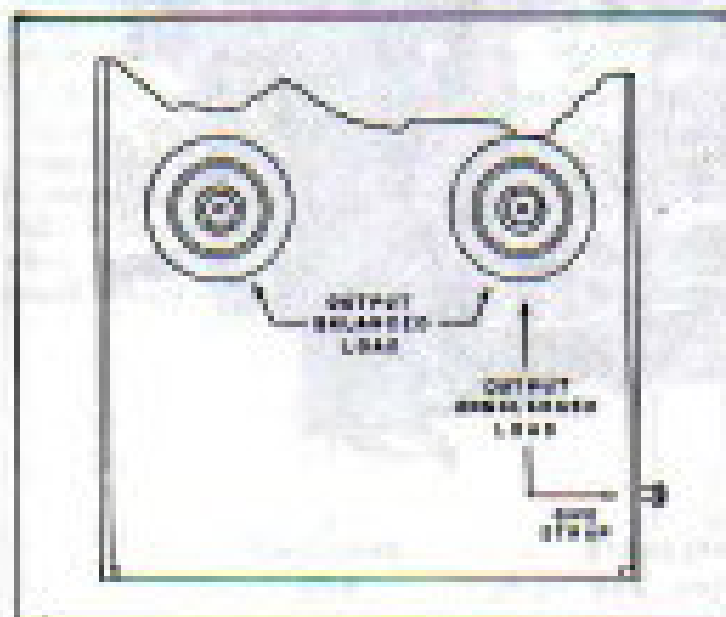


Figure 3-1

3. OPERATION AND CONTROLS.

All controls are identified by front panel markings for ease of identification. Figure 1-1 clearly shows all controls necessary for operation of the unit.

a. CONTROL FUNCTIONS.

The COUPLING switch allows for selection of the number of turns in the coupling coil. There are 8 positions from MAX to MIN. The proper setting of the COUPLING switch is a function of frequency and may be found in the tuning charts.

In general, a low transmitter plate final current reading indicates insufficient coupling, and the COUPLING switch should be rotated toward MAX in steps of one until plate current has reached its normal value when the transmitter is tuned to resonance. Conversely, a plate current meter reading which is above normal is an indication of over-coupling, and the COUPLING switch should be rotated toward MIN until the proper plate current is observed when the transmitter is tuned to resonance.

The BAND SWITCH allows for the selection of tank inductance, so that the frequency range is covered by the tuning capacitor. There are seven positions with LO indicating the lowest frequency and HI indicating the highest frequency. Proper positioning of this switch is a function of frequency and may be obtained in the tuning charts.

The TUNING control is a calibrated control which serves to vary the tank capacity of the unit. It tunes to resonance the inductance selected by the BAND switch. Approximate settings for this dial may be obtained by referring to the tuning charts.

The LOAD ADJUST control serves to tap the tank circuit at the proper point for optimum impedance matching. It's associated counter gives the relative position of the wiper with respect to the ground end of the circuit. Approximate settings for the various loads may be found in the tuning charts.

The LOAD switch serves to employ either the total tank for balanced loads or half the tank for unbalanced loads. Set the switch to BAL for balanced loads and UNBAL for unbalanced loads.

The ROTOR switch serves to ground or unground the rotor of the tuning capacitor. In general, set to GND for unbalanced loads and UNWIND for balanced loads. However, it may be possible that at the higher frequencies, 30 to 35 mc., better performance may be obtained if the ROTOR switch is set to UNWIND. This is, in effect, placing both halves of the tuning capacitor in series across that portion of the tank coil which is being varied. This is advantageous as the higher frequencies cause the condenser minimum has been halved; hence, the tank inductance may be increased, resulting in a better L/C ratio.

SECTION III INSTALLATION AND OPERATION

1. INSTALLATION.

a. UNPACKING.

The Antenna Tuning Unit is designed for ease of installation and minimum effort in operation. The unit is packed, and preserved when required, in its individual containers. The equipment should be carefully unpacked and a close visual inspection made to ascertain any physical damage due to rough handling during shipment.

A UHF type plug PL-259A has been provided as a spare item, and is packed in a bag attached to the front panel.

b. MOUNTING.

The Antenna Tuning Unit is fastened securely to the top of a transmitter by means of four wing nuts. A short length of RG-11/U coaxial cable serves to connect the output of the transmitter to the input of the unit. The input terminal has been placed on the rear left corner of the unit so that the connecting cable does not interfere with transmitter operation. The input jack is a UG-256/U connector with Teflon insulation capable of withstanding high voltage surges.

2. ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS.

After the unit has been installed on the transmitter, attach the load. The load terminal connections on the rear of the unit are shown in Figure 3-1. It is not necessary to remove the cover to attach the load. Ample holes in the rear of the cover give easy access to the connectors. Note the difference between **BALANCED** and **UNBALANCED** load terminals as indicated by arrows. When working into an unbalanced load, **CONNECT NOTHING TO THE LEFT HAND MAIN TERMINAL.**

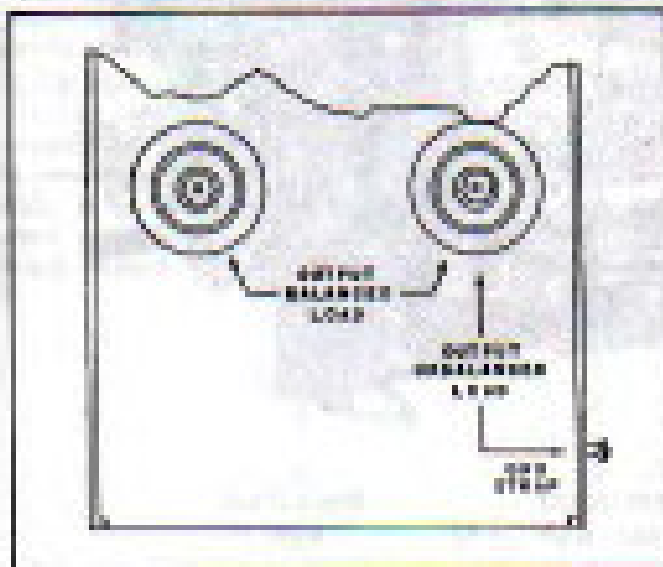


Figure 3-1

2. OPERATION AND CONTROLS.

All controls are identified by front panel markings for ease of identification. Figure 1-1 clearly shows all controls necessary for operation of the unit.

a. CONTROL FUNCTIONS.

The **COUPLING** switch allows for selection of the number of turns in the coupling coil. There are 8 positions from MAX to MIN. The proper setting of the **COUPLING** switch is a function of frequency and may be found in the tuning charts.

In general, a low transmitter plate load current reading indicates insufficient coupling, and the **COUPLING** switch should be rotated toward MAX in steps of one until plate current has reached its normal value when the transmitter is tuned to resonance. Conversely, a plate current meter reading which is above normal is an indication of over-coupling, and the **COUPLING** switch should be rotated toward MIN until the proper plate current is observed when the transmitter is tuned to resonance.

The **BAND SWITCH** allows for the selection of tank inductance, so that the frequency range is covered by the tuning capacitor. There are seven positions with LO indicating the lowest frequency and HI indicating the highest frequency. Proper positioning of this switch is a function of frequency and may be obtained in the tuning charts.

The **TUNING** control is a calibrated control which serves to vary the tank capacity of the unit. It serves to resonance the inductance selected by the **BAND** switch. Approximate settings for this dial may be obtained by referring to the tuning charts.

The **LOAD ADJUST** control serves to tap the tank circuit at the proper point for optimum impedance matching. Its associated meter gives the relative position of the wiper with respect to the ground end of the circuit. Approximate settings for the various loads may be found in the tuning charts.

The **LOAD** switch serves to employ either the total tank for balanced loads or half the tank for unbalanced loads. Set the switch to BAL for balanced loads and UNBAL for unbalanced loads.

The **ROTOR** switch serves to ground or unground the center of the tuning capacitor. In general, set to GND for unbalanced loads and UNGND for balanced loads. However, it may be possible that at the higher frequencies, 24 to 30 mc., better performance may be obtained if the **ROTOR** switch is set to UNGND. This is, in effect, placing both halves of the tuning capacitor in series across that portion of the tank coil which is being moved. This is advantageous at the higher frequencies since the reactance minimum has been halved; hence, the tank inductance may be increased, resulting in a better L/C ratio.

The ANTENNA CURRENT is measured by two external thermocouple ammeters, each being in series with the output lead connections. As the current indicates, both meters are used for balanced loads, each meter indicating the current in it's leg of the load. In a truly balanced load, magnitude being equal, both meters will indicate identical currents. This will seldom happen as a truly balanced load is rarely obtained. As the single arrow indicates, only the left hand meter is used for unbalanced loads. Therefore, for unbalanced loads disregard any deflection of the right hand meter.

It should be noted that these meters are in series only as indicating devices. Their accuracy is acceptable at the lower frequencies, but little reliance is to be placed on their indications as a measure of absolute load at

the higher frequencies. They are not, in any case, a quantitative indication of output.

a. TUNING PROCEDURE.

CAUTION

BEFORE PUTTING FULL POWER ON THE TRANSMITTER, CHECK THAT THE FOLLOWING HAS BEEN DONE CORRECTLY.

a. PROPER TRANSMITTER TUNING ACCORDING TO THE TRANSMITTER TUNING CHARTS.

b. PROPER ANTENNA TUNING UNIT CONTROL SETTINGS AS OBTAINED FROM THE UNIT TUNING CHARTS.

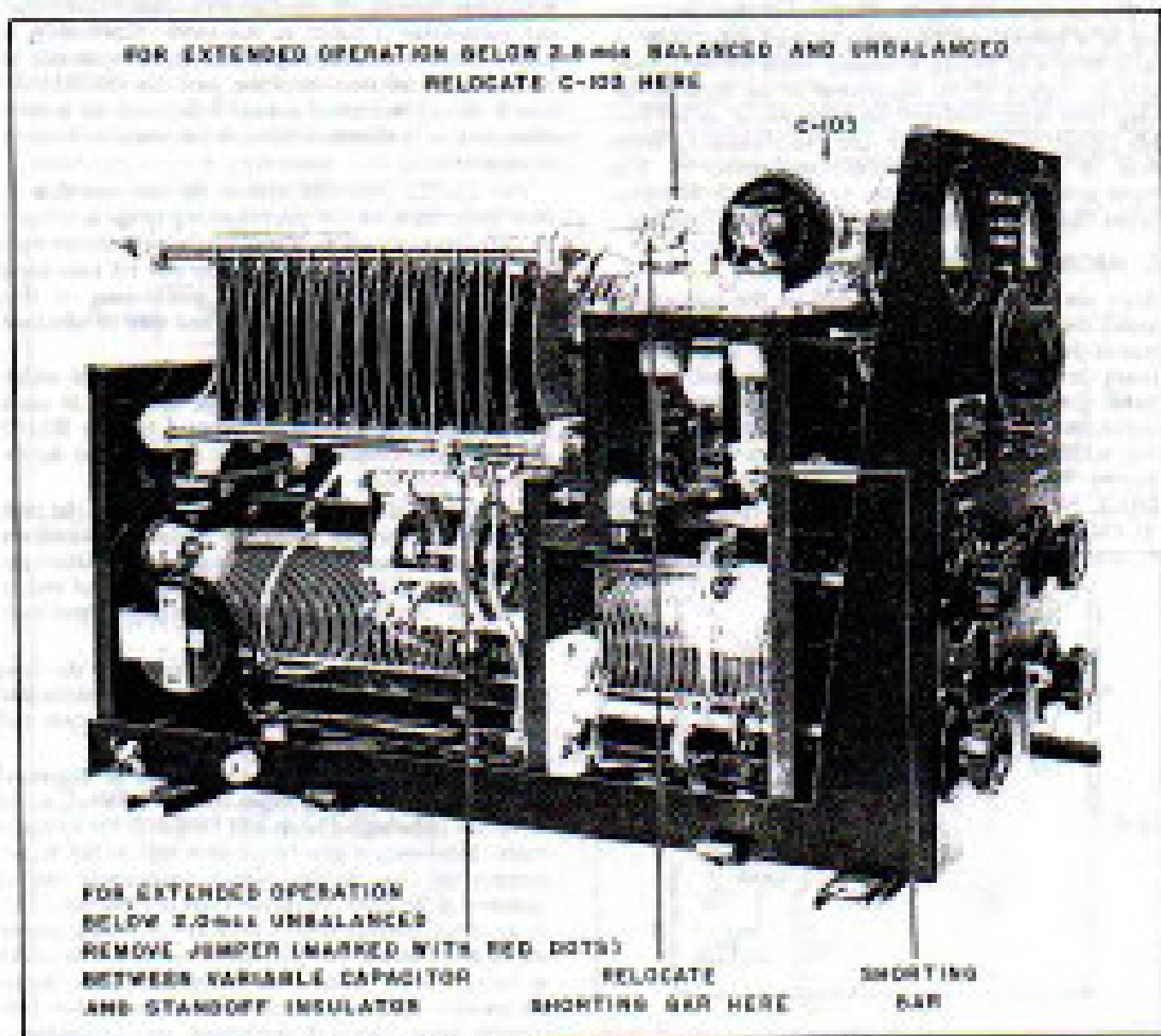


Figure 3-2. Extended Frequency Range Operation

In any operation of the Antenna Tuning Unit, the frequency of operation and nature of the load are known.

For a balanced load, set
LOAD switch to BAL
ROTOR switch to UNGND

For an unbalanced load, set
LOAD switch to UNBAL
ROTOR switch to GND
(except as noted in 3a.)

The tuning charts contain information for the approximate settings of the BAND, TUNING, LOAD ADJUST and COUPLING controls.

The charts are set up in 1000 kc. steps from 2000 to 30,000 kc. and for loads of 70, 500, 600 and 1200 ohms.

Any variation from chart frequency and load will require an interpolation of the tables for the desired frequency and load. To achieve this, set controls to the chart frequency nearest to the desired frequency. Then slide the TUNING and LOAD ADJUST controls for optimum output.

5. EXAMPLE

To set up the Antenna Tuning Unit at a frequency of 3000 kc. to work into a balanced transmission line of a nominal 600 ohm impedance.

Connect transmission line to BALANCED terminals on rear of unit.

Set LOAD switch to BAL.
Set ROTOR switch to UNGND.

Refer to tuning charts, Figure 1-11, for approximate control settings for a frequency of 3000 kc. and a balanced load of 600 ohms.

Set TUNING control to 34
Set COUPLING switch to I
Set BAND switch to 3
Set LOAD ADJUST to 147

When these settings have been made, tune both the transmitter and the Antenna Tuning Unit to optimum output on LOW POWER.

Switch transmitter to HIGH POWER. Readjust TUNING and LOAD ADJUST controls as required. If the transmitter plate current is above normal when tuned to resonance, move the COUPLING switch toward MIN. If the transmitter plate current is below normal when tuned to resonance, move the COUPLING switch toward MAX. Remember, if the load is not

truly balanced the ANTENNA CURRENT meters will not read identically.

CAUTION

Most transmitters have output coupling networks which can be varied. An excessive deviation from optimum coupling will result in large reactive currents in the transmitter output-TAC input circuit.

If one does not already exist, it is recommended that an R.F. Arcsuppressor be installed at the transmitter output terminals.

An excessive transmitter R.F. output current results in increased losses in the coupling networks and lower transmission efficiency. If this condition appears to arise, adjustments should be made to the transmitter OUTPUT COUPLING network and the TAC COUPLING, TUNING and LOAD ADJUST controls to reduce the TRANSMITTER OUTPUT CURRENT to a minimum while maintaining proper transmitter loading.

6. EXTENDED FREQUENCY RANGE OPERATION

The Antenna Tuning Unit is basically designed for a frequency range of 1 to 15 mc. but will operate up to 30 mc. Keep transmitter on LOW POWER when tuning above 15 mc. The unit will tune and put out appreciable power at these higher frequencies, but variation of the control settings may be considerable.

A "horn gap", set to 1/4 in. spacing, on the rear of the unit, is provided to prevent damage to the unit in the event of improper adjustment.

For operation below 2.5 mc. with both balanced and unbalanced loads, remove vacuum capacitor C303 from its storage clips in the upper front portion of the unit. Place it in those operating clips which are connected to the stator plates of the tuning condenser C100. (See Figure 1-1.) This lowers the operating range of the unit to below 2 mc.

For further reduction of the operating range, in the unbalanced condition only, replace the vacuum capacitor C303 with the metal shorting bar E104 and disconnect the jumper (marked with red dots) between the tuning capacitor C100 and the stand-off insulator on the upper left hand portion of the unit. (See Figure 3-2.)

SECTION IV MAINTENANCE

I. MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS.

a. TOOLS FURNISHED.

1 TP-HI Punch, drive pin, to remove or replace roll pins.

1 WR-100-5 Wrench, Allen, for #15 and #16 set screws.

1 WR-100-5 Wrench, Allen, for #18 and #13 set screws.

1 WR-100-18 Wrench, Allen, for #8 set screws.

b. GENERAL.

Keep interior of the unit thoroughly clean and dust free.

Materials Required.

Sandpaper #3000.

Dry brush or lint free cloth.

Carbon Tetrachloride for electrical connection.

Dry Cleaning Solvent for other parts.

Compressed air may be used to remove dust from inaccessible areas.

c. PREVENTIVE.

Materials Required.

Lubricating Compound, Silicone.

Insulating Compound, MIL-I-17384A, Type PR, Monthly.

Lubricate all sliding contacts connected with the wheel assembly (LOAD ADJUST) with Lubricating Compound, Silicone.

Check and tighten hardware and set screws where necessary. (Tighten nuts and screws carefully. Excess tightening beyond the point at which they are intended will be damaged or broken.)

Quarterly.

Check switches for dirt, corrosion or loose contacts.

Check variable condenser and coils for dirt, corrosion, loose plates or damaged turns.

Abnormal Conditions.

In the event of excessive power input or of switching the unit with POWER ON, an arc-over may occur, usually in the ROTOR or LOAD switch or both. Should this happen, clean the affected area, and spray all carbon deposits, coat area lightly with Insulating Compound.

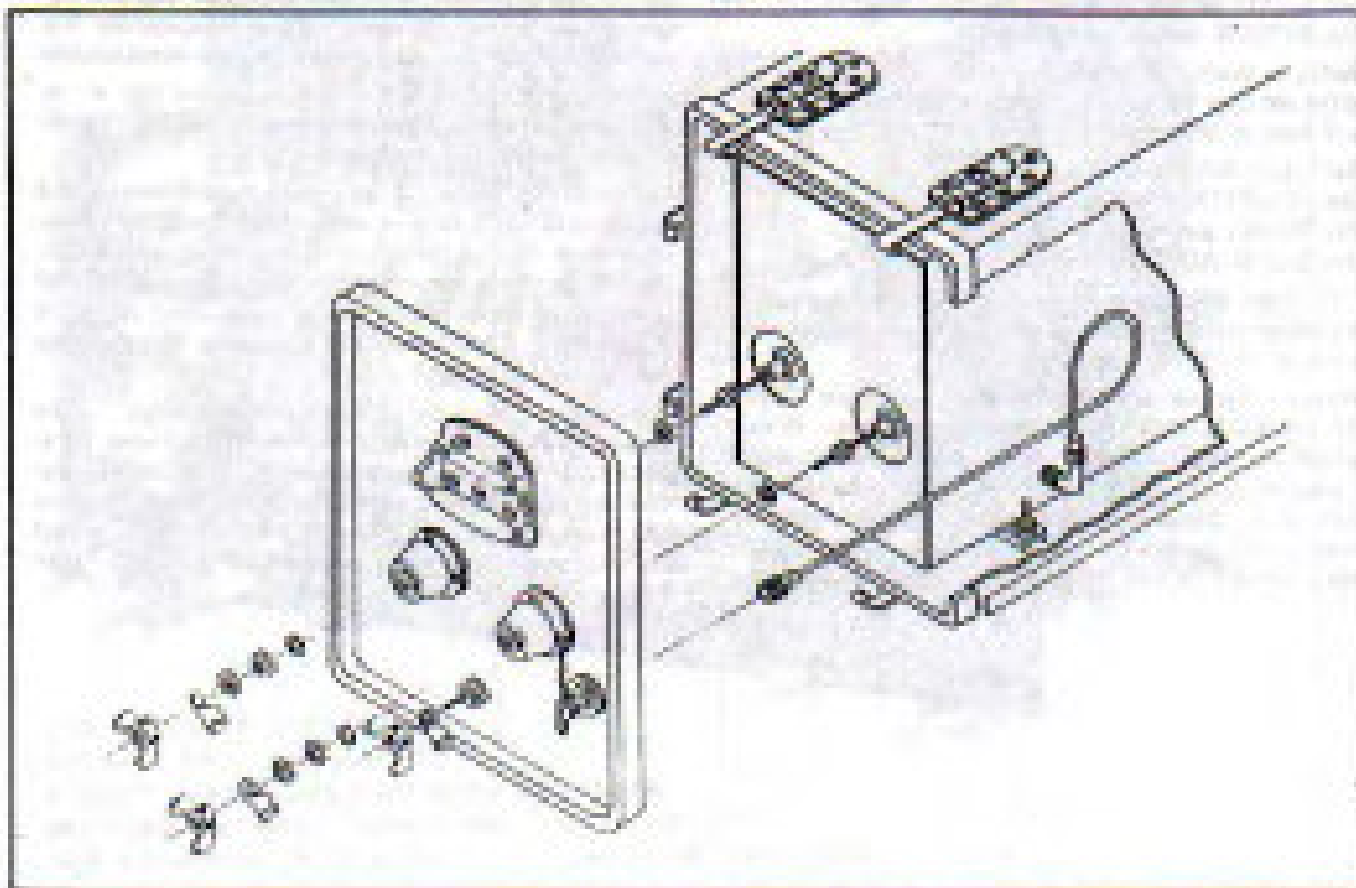
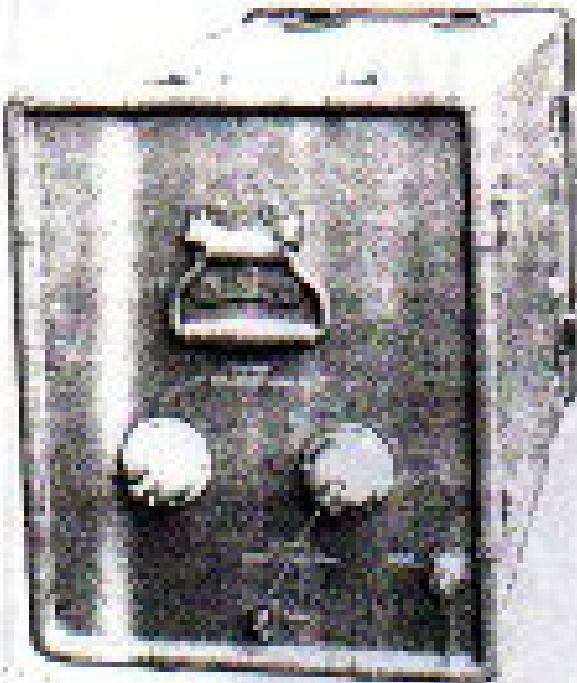
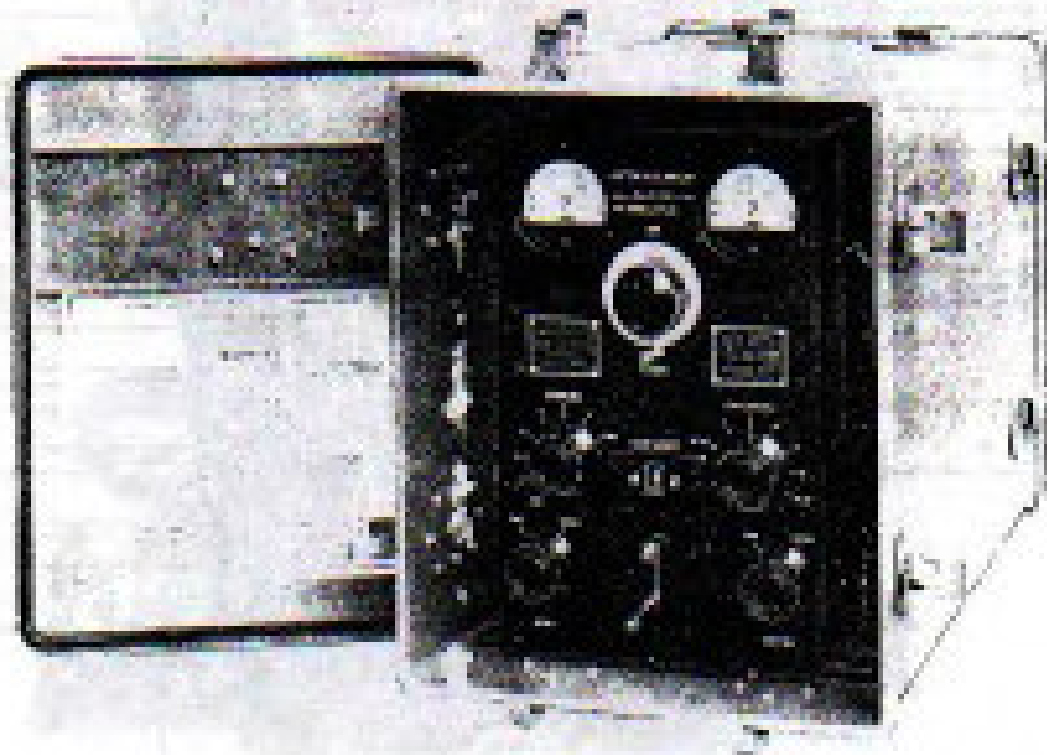


Figure 4-1. Front and Rear Views, Model TAC-1 with Protective case, Model CTAC



As illustrated, the Antenna Tuning Unit can be furnished with and shipped in a protective case, Model CTAC. The case is constructed of fiberglass reinforced plastic, and is both waterproof and shock-proof.



The unit will mount on the transmitter and operate either with or without this protective case. Special studs, which mount the unit in the case, are furnished for mounting the case to the transmitter in the event that the transmitter mounting studs are too short.

Figure 4-2. Rear View, Input and Output Connections Between Unit and Case

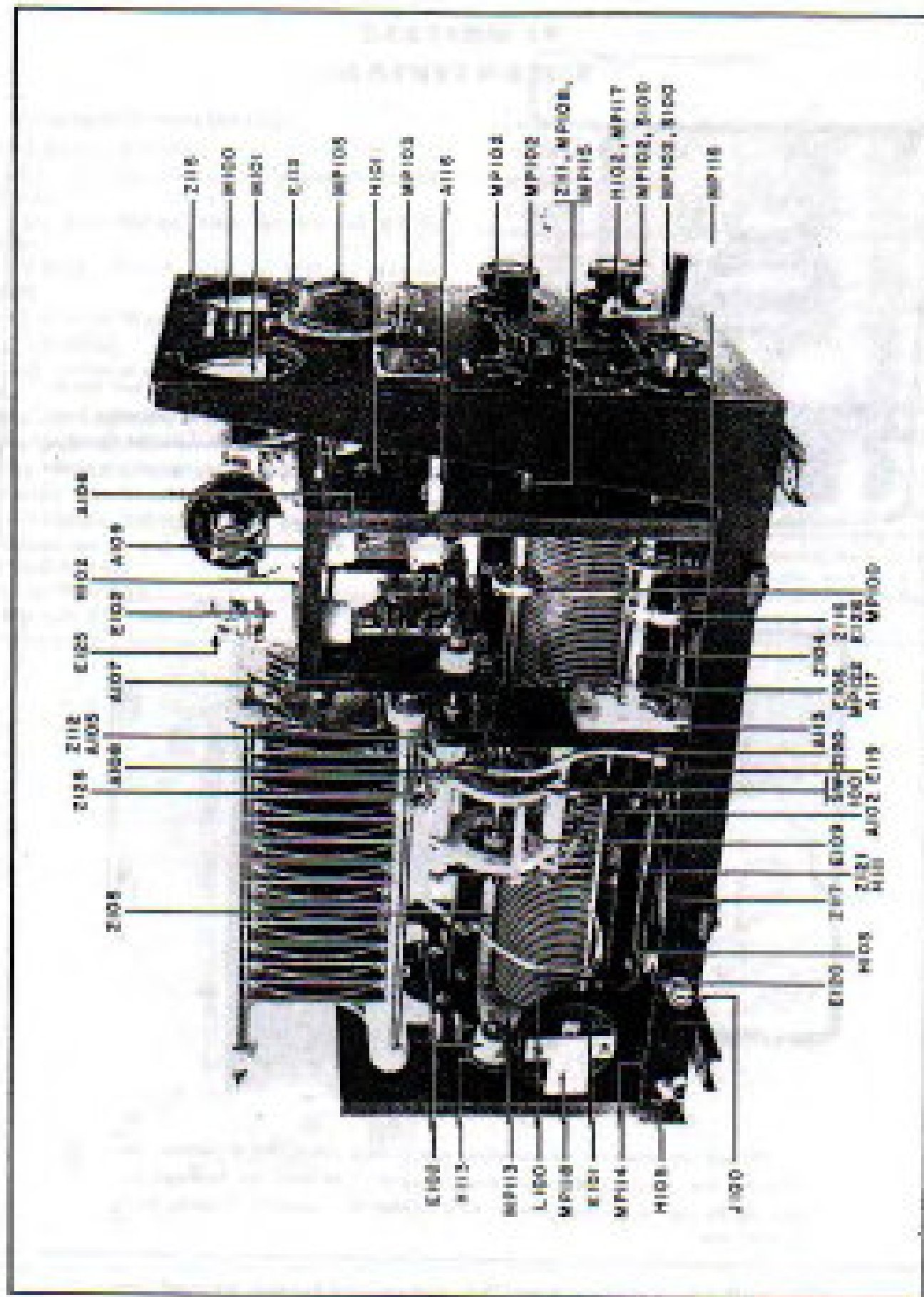


Figure 4.1. Front and left side view

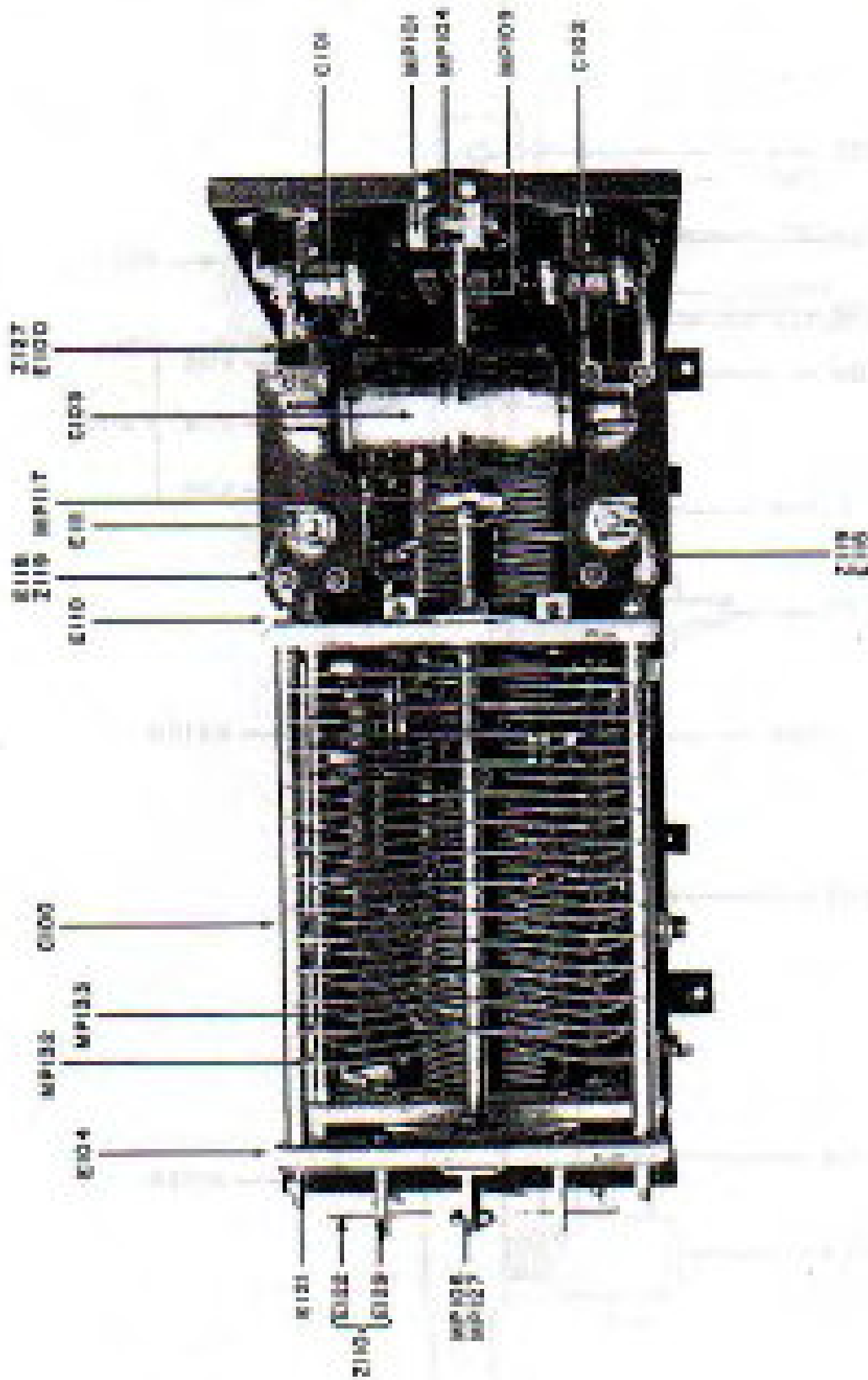


Figure 4-4. Top View

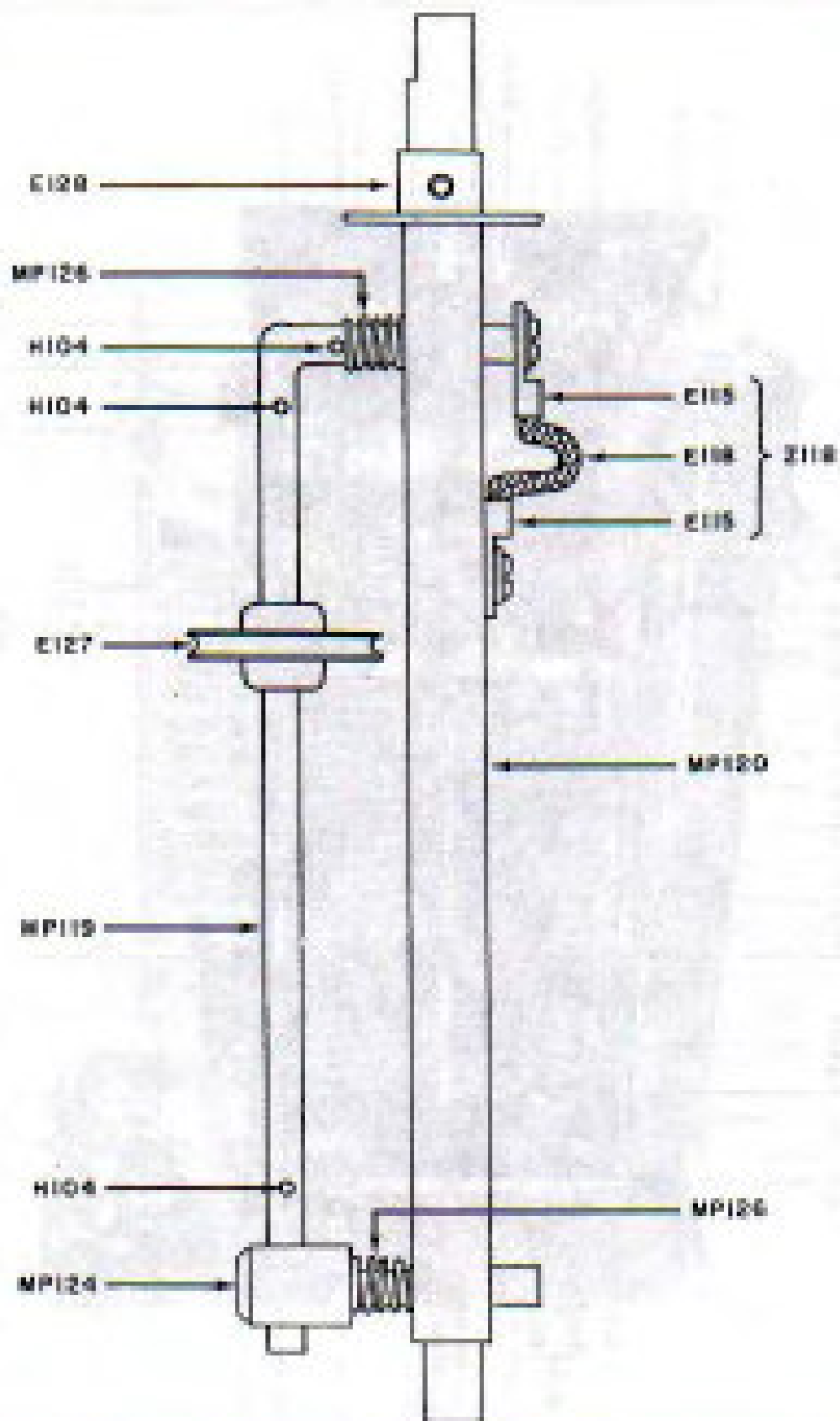


Figure 4-7. Control Wheel and Shift Assembly 2387



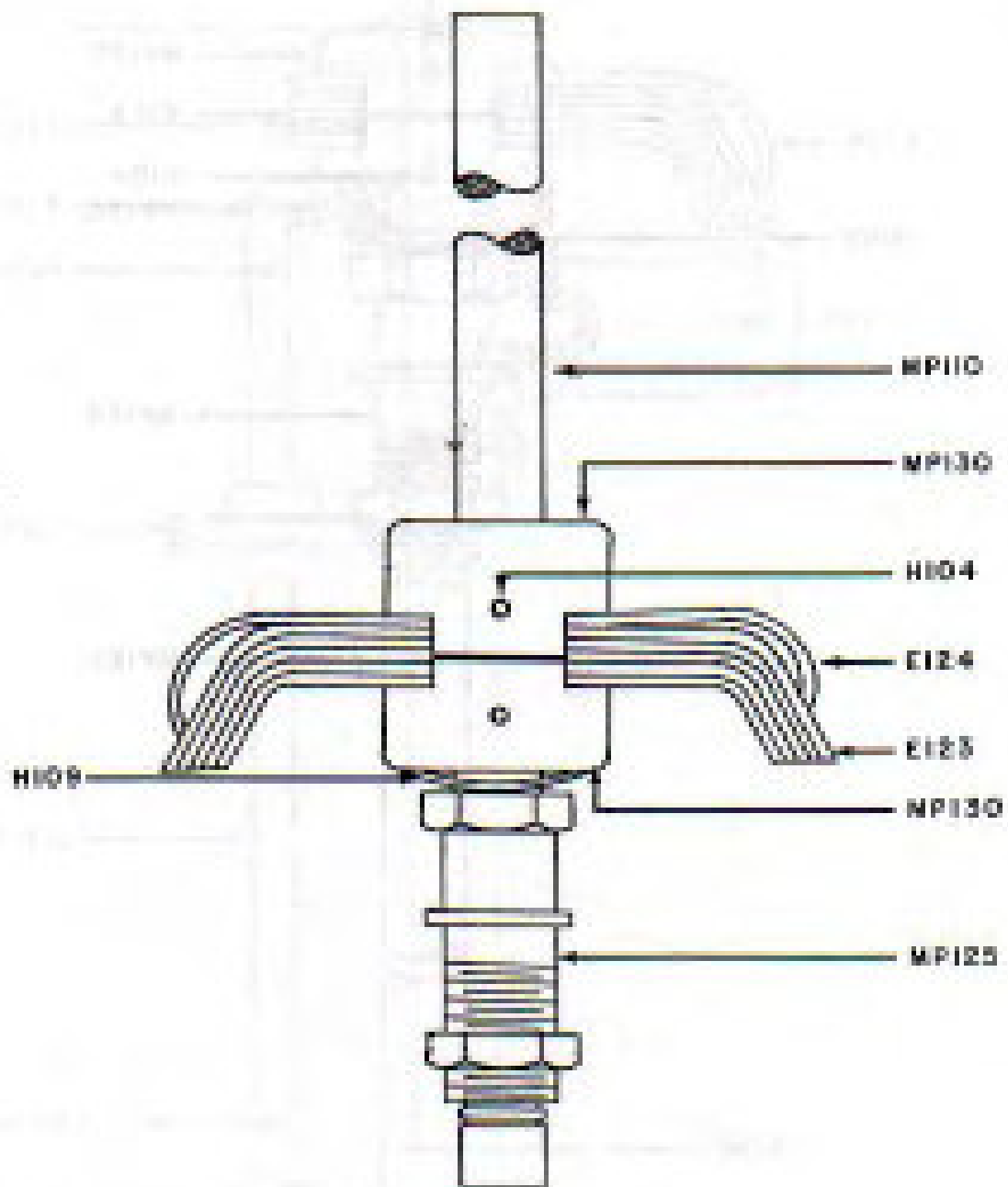


Figure 4-9. Double Leaf Switch Assembly 2384

2. PARTS LIST

SYM.	DESCRIPTION	FIGURE NO.	TMC DWG OR PART NO.
A180	SUPPORT, phenolic: 36-87/16 x 3/4 x 3/4 in. o/a.	4-3	A-712
A181	SUPPORT, phenolic: 36-87/16 x 3/4 x 3/4 in. o/a.	4-3	A-711
A182	SUPPORT, phenolic: 36-87/16 x 3/4 x 3/4 in. o/a.	4-3	A-713
A183	SUPPORT, phenolic: 4-1/2 x 5/8 x 1/2 in. o/a.	4-4, 4-5	PX-189
A184	SUPPORT, phenolic: 13 x 8-1/2 x 1/2 in. o/a.	4-5	PX-188
A185	SUPPORT, phenolic: 7-1/16 x 2-1/16 x 1/2 in. o/a.	4-3	PX-308
A186	SUPPORT, phenolic: 15 x 8-1/2 x 1/2 in. o/a.	4-3	PX-186
A187	SUPPORT, phenolic: 4-1/4 x 2-1/16 x 1/2 in. o/a.	4-3	PX-303
A188	SUPPORT, phenolic: 8-1/2 x 15/16 x 1/2 in. o/a.	4-3	PX-187
A189	SUPPORT, phenolic: 4-1/8 x 2-1/16 x 1/2 in. o/a.	4-3, 4-5	PX-381
A190	SUPPORT, phenolic: 7-1/16 x 2-1/16 x 1/2 in. o/a.	4-5	PX-381
A191	BRACKET, brass: silver plated; .032 x 1-11/32 x 3/4 x 2-3/16 in. o/a.	4-5	MS-459
A192	PLATE, teflon: 2 x 1-3/8 x 1/4 in. o/a.	4-5	PX-238
A193	PLATE, teflon: 2-25/32 x 1-3/8 x 1/4 in. o/a.	4-5	PX-237
A194	WASHER, teflon: 3/4 od x 7/32 id x 1/8 in. thick.	4-4	PX-234-2
A195	WASHER, teflon: 3/4 od x 7/32 id x 1/8 in. thick; fluted.	4-4	PX-234-1
A196	SPACER, brass: cadmium plated; 5 in. lg. x 3/16 in. diam.	4-3, 4-5	PM-376
A197	WASHER, teflon: 1/2 in. od x 13/64 in. x 1/8 in. thick.	4-3, 4-5	PX-322
C180 A,B	CAPACITOR, variable: air; two section; 45-245 mmd; each section. .000 in air gap.	4-4	CB-112
C181	CAPACITOR, fixed: mica; .01 mfd, $\pm 10\%$, 300 wdc; char. B.	4-4	CM35B100K
C182	CAPACITOR, fixed: mica; .01 mfd, $\pm 10\%$, 300 wdc; char. B. Same as C181.	4-5	CM35B100K

SYM.	DESCRIPTION	FIGURE NO.	TWC Dwg. OR PART NO.
C100	CAPACITOR, fixed; vacuum, 50 mudd, 35 Kv peak; 65 amps max current.	4-5	CD-183-4
E180	THERMOCOUPLE, vertical mount; 2-5/8" o.d. x 1-1/2" wide overall.	4-5	NR-183-4
E181	THERMOCOUPLE, vertical mount; 2-5/8" o.d. x 1-1/2" wide overall.	4-5	NR-183-4
E182	INSULATOR, feed thru; female; white glazed stonite; 3/4 in. lg. o/s x 1-1/8 in. diam. tapered flange; 3/4 in. diam. x 5/16 in. deep well; 11/64 in. diam. hole.	4-3, 4-5	NS-188-1
E183	INSULATOR, feed thru; male; white glazed stonite; 1-1/8 in. lg. o/s x 1-1/8 in. diam. tapered flange; 3/4 in. diam. x 1/4 in. lg. insert; 11/64 in. diam. hole.	4-5	NS-188-2
E184	INSULATOR, ceramic; 8-2/4 x 2/4 x 1/8 in. o/s.	4-5	p/o CD-173
E185	INSULATOR, below; 7-25/32 x 18/32 x 1/4 in. o/s.	4-3, 4-5	FX-217
E186	CONTACT, brass; silver plated; 1/2 in. diam. x 1-1/8 in. o/s; 10-22 tld.	4-3, 4-5	SM-125
E187	LUG, terminal; brass; hot tin dipped; 51/64 x 1/8 x .035 in. o/s; 1/4 in. 3d hole.	4-3	TE-232
E188	INSULATOR, below; 7-25/32 x 18/32 x 1/4 in. o/s.	4-3, 4-5	FX-218
E189	INSULATOR, below; 7-25/32 x 18/32 x 1/4 in. o/s.	4-3	FX-219
E190	LUG, terminal; copper; electro tinned 1 in. lg. x 1/4 in. 3d hole.	4-5	TE-241-4
E191	LUG, terminal; copper; electro tinned; 45/64 in. lg. 3/16 in. 3d hole.	4-5	TE-241-3
E192	BAR, shorting; brass; silver plated; 5-1/2 in. lg. x 3/4 in. diam.	4-4	MS-254
E193	PLATE, disk aluminum; etched; 2-3/4 in. diam.; 0-50 scale.	4-3	LD-145
E194	BOX, brass; silver plated; 10-5/8 in. lg. x 3/16 in. diam. 10-22 x 2-1/2 in. lg. 3rd each end.	4-5	PM-257
E195	LUG, terminal; copper; electro tinned; 45/64 in. lg. 5/16 in. 3d hole.	4-7	TE-241-1
E196	LUG, terminal; copper; electro tinned; 1-1/8 in. lg. 3/8 in. 3d hole.	4-4	TE-241-5

SYM.	DESCRIPTION	FIGURE NO.	TMC D/W, OR PART NO.
E117	ROD, threaded; brass; silver plated; 10-32 x 4 in. lg. w/flat end at center.	4-4	A-185
E118	SHIELD, flexible; copper; flared; 3/16 in. wd.	4-6, 4-7	WL-100-4
E119	INSULATOR, pillar; round; white glazed; standing; 3/4 in. lg. x 1/2 in. diam; tapered 8-32 x 1/4 in. deep each end.	4-3	MS-W0038
E120	INSULATOR, pillar; round; white glazed; standing; 1-1/4 in. lg. x 1/2 in. diam; tapered 8-32 x 3/8 in. deep each end.	4-3	MS-W0039
E121	STRAP, brass; silver plated; 2-7/16 x 5/8 x 1/32 in. o/a.	4-6	MS-500
E122	ROD, brass, nickel plated; 1-1/4 in. lg. x 1/8 in. diam.	4-6	PM-100
E123	LEAF, contact; nickel silver; 2-3/16 x 3/16 x .004 in. o/a.	4-6	MS-490
E124	LEAF, pressure; nickel silver; 1-3/16 x 3/8 x 1/16 in. o/a.	4-6	MS-492
E125	CLIP, electrical; phosphor bronze; silver plated; accommodates 1/4 in. diam.	4-3, 4-4	PH-100
E126	COLLAR, brass; silver plated; 5/8 in. diam. x 1/4 in. wd.	4-3	PM-371
E127	WHEEL, brass; silver plated; 1/4 in. id. x 1-1/2 in. o.d.	4-7	PM-381
E128	BUSHING, brass; silver plated; 1-1/4 in. diam. x 3/8 in. wd. w/ 1/8 in. diam hole.	4-7	PM-384
E129	POST, brass; cadmium plated; 1-3/8 in. lg. x 1/4 in. diam.	4-6	PM-373
E130	PLATE, brass; silver plated; 4-1/8 x 1-3/8 x .002 in. o/a.	---	MS-443
E131	STRAP, brass; silver plated; 4 x 7/8 x .002 in. o/a.	4-4	MS-452
E132	STRAP, brass; silver plated; 8-1/2 x 5/8 x .002 in. o/a.	4-4	MS-450
E133	LEAF, contact; nickel silver; 1-5/32 x 7/16 x .014 in. o/a.	4-6	MS-480
E134	LEAF, pressure; nickel silver; 21/32 x 3/8 x 1/16 in. o/a.	4-6	MS-484
E135	INSULATOR, feed thru; male; white glazed; standing; 7/8 in. lg. o/a x 1/8 in. diam. tapered flange; 1/2 in. diam. x 3/8 in. lg. insert; 3/16 in. diam. hole.	4-4	MS-453-1

SYM.	DESCRIPTION	FIGURE NO.	TMC DWG. OR PART NO.
E136	INSULATOR, feed thru; female; white glazed stoneware; 1/2 in. lg. o/a x 7/8 in. diam. tapered flange; 1/2 in. diam. x 3/8 in. deep well; 1/16 in. diam. hole.	4-3	MS-133-2
E138	CLAMP, "G" type; nickel silver; 1/4 x 3/8 in. o/a; .003 in. thick.	4-4	MS-139
E139	CLAMP, "G" type; plastic; 7/8 x 1/2 in. o/a; 5/16 in. I.D.	4-3	CU-133-4
E142	COUNTER; C.C.W. rotation to lscr.; 000-000.	4-3	PO-113
E143	CLAMP, "G" type; plastic; 1 1/16 x 1/2 in. o/a; .100 in. I.D.	4-3	CU-133-5
E144	PIN, roll steel; 1/4 in. lg. x 1/16 in. diam.	4-7, 4-8, 4-9	PN-109-3
E145	NUT, wing; brass; nickel plated; 10-32 UNF.	4-3, 4-5	NT-115-1032NUT
E148	CLAMP, "G" type; plastic; 5/4 x 1/2 in. o/a; .375 in. I.D.	4-5	CU-133-6
E149	PIN, roll steel; 15/16 in. lg. x 1/16 in. diam.	4-4	PN-109-4
E150	GASKET, cushion cork; 15/16 in. o.d. x 1/2 in. I.D. x 1/16 in. thick.	4-4, 4-5	GA-118
E153	WASHER, spring; phosphor bronze; silver plated; 5/16 in. o.d. x 3/4 in. I.D. x .015 in. thick.	4-3, 4-9	WA-119
E110	CLIP, spring double unit; brass nickel plated; 1-5/2 x 5/8 x 3/8 in. o/a.	4-3, 4-9	CU-103-1
E111	SPACER, stand off; brass; cadmium plated; 1/4 in. lg. x 1/4 in. diam.; 5/16 in. hole.	4-3	TE-117-1
E112	GASKET, cushion cork; 1-5/16 in. o.d. x 3/4 in. I.D. x 1/32 in. thick.	4-3	GA-117
J300	CONNECTOR, receptacle; coaxial; female; VHF series; teflon insulation.	4-3	UG-299/U
L300	COIL, link copper; silver plated; 4-1/2 in. lg. x 1/4 in. diam. o/a three 1/2 turns. p/o A-674.	4-3, 4-4	CL-116
L391	COIL, link copper; silver plated; 3 in. I.D. x 3-1/2 in. o.d.; 5-1/4 turns. p/o A-675.	4-4	CL-113-2
L392, 185	COIL, sub-assembly; copper; silver plated; 3 in. I.D. x 3-1/2 in. o.d.; 34 turns. p/o A-677.	4-4	CL-114-1
L183	COIL, link copper; silver plated; 4-1/2 in. lg. x 1/4 in. diam. o/a; three 1/2 turns; p/o A-674.	4-4	CL-115

SYM.	DESCRIPTION	FIGURE NO.	TMC DWG. OR PART NO.
L184	COIL, tank copper; silver plated; 5 in. l.d. x 3-1/2 in. o.d.; 28-3/4 turns. p/o A-678.	4-4	CL-114-2
L185	PART, of L184	4-4	
M186	METER, HF; 0-3 amper; molded case; 3-1/2 in. diam. x 2 in. o/a.	4-3, 4-4	MR-301-3
M187	METER, HF; 0-3 amper; molded case; 3-1/2 in. diam. x 2 in. o/a.	4-3, 4-4	MR-303-3
MP188	COUPLING, flexible brass, elastic insulation 1-1/4 x 11/16 in. o/a; 1/4 in. hole.	4-3	MC-121
MP189	SPRING, contact phosphor bronze, silver plated 1-1/2 x 1-3/8 x .025 in. o/a.	4-3, 4-5	MS-457
MP190	KNOB, instrument; silver type; white indicator line 3-1/16 in. dia. x 7/8 in. deep o/a; for 1/4 in. shaft.	4-3	MP-305-2
MP193	LOCK, dial; brass, nickel plated; 1-3/8 in. lg. x 3/8 in. dia. o/a.	4-3	PO-338
MP194	COUPLING, vander: 5 to 1 reduction 3-9/16 x 1-49/64 in. o.a.	4-6	DO-188
MP195	KNOB, instrument type; black bakelite, 1 in. x 2 in. dia. o/a.	4-3	MP-185
MP196	BOLDER, spark gap; brass 3/8 in. lg. x 4-33 NC2 threads.	4-6	SM-128
MP197	STRIP, case; steel 3-13/16 in. lg. x 13/16 in. wide.	4-5	PO-137
MP198	SHAFT, extension; brass 5-1/16 in. lg. x 1/4 in. dia.	4-3, 4-5	PM-376
MP199	SHAFT, extension; brass 5-1/16 in. lg. x 1/4 in. dia.	4-5	PM-379
MP110	SHAFT, double swirl; brass; cadmium plated 5-1/4 in. long x 1/4 in. dia.	4-3	PM-375
MP111	SUPPORT, counter; aluminum 3-1/8 x 1/2 x .041 in. o/a.	4-3	MS-504
MP112	SUPPORT, coil center; phenolic, 2 in. OD x 1/2 in. thick o/a.	4-4	FX-187
MP113	SUPPORT, contact shaft; talcon; 3-5/16 x 3-11/16 x 1/4 in. o/a.	4-3, 4-5	FX-239
MP114	BRACKET, counter support; aluminum, 1-13/16 x 1/2 x .041 in. o/a.	4-3	MS-458

SYM.	DESCRIPTION	FIGURE NO.	TMC DWG. OR PART NO.
MP119	BEARING, pencil: brass; nickel plated 1/2 in. lg. x 3/8 in. dia. 1/8 in. ID hole.	4-3, 4-5	BB-101
MP118	COUPLING, flexible; non-insulated; brass 1-1/4 in. dia. x 11/32 in. thick a/a.	4-3, 4-5	MC-119
MP117	COUPLING, flexible; stainless; 900 T peak flashover, 1-1/16 x 1-1/16 in. a/a.	4-3, 4-5	MC-118
MP116	BRACKET, thermocouple, aluminum 2-15/16 x 5/8 x .004 in. a/a.	4-3	MS-485
MP115	SHAFT, wheel; brass; silver plated, 5-1/4 x 1-11/16 x 1/4 in. dia. a/a.	4-3	PM-353
MP114	COUNTER SHAFT, brass, silver plated 9-1/8 in. lg. x 1/2 in. dia.	4-3	PM-356
MP121	ROD, switch connecting; brass 6-5/8 in. lg. x 1/4 in. dia.	4-6	PM-388
MP122	BUSHING, contact: teflon, 1/16 in. OD x 11/64 in. ID x 11/32 in. wide.	4-3, 4-5	PX-323
MP123	BUSHING, connecting; phenolic, 1-5/16 x 1 x 3/8 in. ID a/a.	4-4	A-719
MP124	ROD, connecting; phenolic, 1-3/16 x 1/2 in. a/a.	4-7	PX-197
MP125	BEARING, pencil: brass, nickel plated, 1/8 in. long x 3/8 -32 NCS threads x 1/4 in. ID hole.	4-5, 4-6	SM-124
MP126	SPRING, copper, 1/16 in. lg. x 3/8 in. OD.	4-7	SP-316-5
MP127	BASE, spark gap: brass, nickel plated, 1-3/16 in. lg. x 3/8 in. dia.	4-6	PM-377
MP128	RING, motor spacing; phenolic, 3-1/2 in. OD x 2-3/4 in. ID x 5/16 in. thick.	4-5	PX-355
MP129	BUSHING, connecting; brass; w/lockwasher and nut 11/16 in. lg. x 1/8-16 NCS threads x 7/8 in. hex head.	4-5	PM-347
MP130	BUSHING, switch: brass, 1/8 in. dia. x 5/16 in. thick.	4-5, 4-6	PM-389
MP131	BUSHING, capacitor support: teflon, 1/8 in. OD x 3/16 in. ID x 5/16 in. lg.	4-4	PX-325
MP132	STATOR PLATE, capacitor.	4-5	EX-100
MP133	ROTOR PLATE, capacitor.	4-5	EX-101
H109	TUNING CHART.	---	CH-124
P100	CONNECTOR, plug; coaxial; male; DHP series; teflon insulation, 1-5/16 in. lg. x 3/8 in. dia. a/a.	Leave Item	PL-250A

SYM.	DESCRIPTION	FIGURE NO.	TWC DWG. OR PART NO.
S300	SWITCH INDEX, 90 degree throw; steel 1-1/4 x 3-8/32 x 1-9/16 in. o/s, 1/4 in. flatted shaft.	4-3	SW-143
SW100	SWITCH, rotary; two sections; one pole; eight positions each section; electric insulation.	4-3	SW-144
SW101	SWITCH, rotary; two sections; one pole; seven positions each section; electric insulation.	4-3	SW-145
TL104	PUNCH, drive pin; steel, 4 in. lg. x 3/8 in. dia., tapered.	4-5	TP-105
TL103	WRENCH, hex steel, 1-34/7 in. lg. for #5, 6 Allen head set screws.	4-5	WH-100-3
TL102	WRENCH, hex steel, 2 in. lg. for #10, 12 Allen head set screws.	4-5	WH-100-5
TL103	WRENCH, hex steel, 6 in. lg. for #8 Allen head set screws.	4-5	WH-100-13
Z100	DOUBLE LEAF SWITCH SUB ASSEMBLY: Consisting of: E113, E137, H304, MP115 and MP120.	4-4	A-497
Z101	CONTACT WHEEL AND SHAFT ASSEMBLY: Consisting of: E123, E124, H304, MP113, MP120, MP124, MP128 and Z113.	4-7	A-498
Z102	SINGLE LEAF SWITCH SUB ASSEMBLY: Consisting of: E133, E334, H304, MP123 and MP130.	4-5	A-495
Z103	SINGLE LEAF SWITCH ASSEMBLY: Consisting of: E334, MP123 and Z102.	4-8	A-492
Z104	DOUBLE LEAF SWITCH ASSEMBLY: Consisting of: E123, MP123 and Z100.	4-9	A-493
Z105	COIL ASSEMBLY: Consisting of: A130, A101, A333, A111, E103, E104, E108, E125, L300, MP112, MP122, Z306, Z107 and Z109.	4-3	A-494
Z106	TANK COIL SUB ASSEMBLY (clockwise)	4-3	A-495-497
Z107	TANK COIL SUB ASSEMBLY (counterclockwise)	4-3	A-495
Z108	NOT USED.		
Z109	LINE COIL SUB ASSEMBLY (counterclockwise)	4-3	A-493
Z110	SPARE ROD ASSEMBLY: Consisting of: E123 and E124.	4-6	A-418

SYM.	DESCRIPTION	FIGURE NO.	TRC DWG, OR PART NO.
E111	EXTENSION SHAFT ASSEMBLY: coupling and band switch. Consisting of: MP128 and MP129.	4-3, 4-5	A-714
E112	COUPLING SWITCH BRACKET SUB ASSEMBLY: Consisting of: A185, A117, E108 and MP122.	4-3	A-720
E113	BAND SWITCH BRACKET SUB ASSEMBLY: Consisting of: A110, A117, MP129 and E103.	4-5	A-722
E114	COVER ASSEMBLY.	1-3	A-644
E115	CHASSIS SUB ASSEMBLY.	4-3	A-645
E116	GROUND STRAP ASSEMBLY: Consisting of: E111, E118 and E128.	4-3, 4-5	A-711
E117	INPUT CONNECTION ASSEMBLY: 1/2 in. lg. x 1-3/4 in. wide o/s.	4-3, 4-7	A-1252
E118	GROUND LEAD ASSEMBLY: Consisting of: E115 and E116.	4-3	A-647
E119	FUSEHOLDER STRAP ASSEMBLY: Consisting of: E120, E111 and E118.	4-6	A-731
E120	FEED THRU CONNECTOR ASSEMBLY: 3-1/2 in. lg. x 1-3/8 in. wide o/s.	4-3	A-726
E121	CONNECTOR ASSEMBLY: coil to coil; 3-1/8 in. lg. x 7/8 in. wide o/s.	4-3	A-722
E122	OUTPUT CONNECTOR ASSEMBLY: 1/2 in. straight length, 1 in. radius.	4-3	A-723
E123	CONDENSER STRAP ASSEMBLY: rear; 4-7/8 in. lg. x 1/2 in.	4-3	A-734
E124	FEED THRU STRAP ASSEMBLY: 4-1/8 in. lg. x 1/2 in. wide o/s.	4-4	A-735
E125	CONNECTOR ASSEMBLY: condenser to feed-thru; 2-3/8 in. lg. o/s.	4-3	A-725
E126	CONNECTOR ASSEMBLY: thermocouple to super coil; 4-3/4 in. lg. o/s.	4-4	A-727
E127	CONNECTOR ASSEMBLY: thermocouple to coil; 5-3/8 in. lg. o/s.	4-5	A-729-1
<p>NOTE: IN CASES WHERE A PART IS USED SEVERAL TIMES THROUGHOUT THE UNIT IT IS ONLY LISTED ONCE.</p> <p>ALL HARDWARE ARE STANDARD COMMERCIAL ITEMS EXCEPT AS LISTED.</p>			

ANTENNA TUNING UNIT

MODEL TAC

TUNING CHART

2000-5000 KC

APPROXIMATE SETTINGS FOR RESISTIVE LOADS

FREQ MHz	LOAD ohms	BALANCED				UNBALANCED			
		TUNE COND	COUP TAP	BAND SW TAP	LOAD ADJ COUNT	TUNE COND	COUP TAP	BAND SW TAP	LOAD ADJ COUNT
60	70	15	MAX	LO	142	8	MAX	LO	155
	300	17	MAX	LO	141	8	MAX	LO	160
	1040-600 stabil-	19	MAX	LO	159	8	MAX	LO	220
	d) 1200	20	MAX	LO	208	8	MAX	LO	260
90	70	17	MAX	LO	147	15	MAX	LO	155
	300	17	MAX	LO	164	16	MAX	LO	182
	600	17	MAX	LO	174	16	MAX	LO	182
	1200	18	MAX	LO	183	18	MAX	LO	211
120	70	32	MAX	LO	141	32	MAX	LO	150
	300	33	MAX	LO	159	32	MAX	LO	170
	600	34	MAX	LO	167	32	MAX	LO	177
	1200	35	MAX	LO	177	33	MAX	LO	190
240	70	43	MAX	LO	210	40	MAX	LO	138
	300	43	MAX	LO	160	40	MAX	LO	155
	600	43	MAX	LO	171	42	MAX	LO	172
	1200	35	MAX	LO	180	42	MAX	LO	172

SEE PAGE 2-

ANTENNA TUNING UNIT

MODEL TAC

TUNING CHART

2000-3000 KCS

APPROXIMATE SETTINGS FOR RESISTIVE LOADS

FREQ KCS	LOAD OHMS	TUNE COND	BALANCED			UNBALANCED			
			COUP TAP	BAND SW TAP	LOAD ADJ COUNT	TUNE COND	COUP TAP	BAND SW TAP	LOAD ADJ COUNT
2000	70	15	MAX	LO	142	8	MAX	LO	155
	300	17	MAX	LO	141	8	MAX	LO	160
	(C104)600	19	MAX	LO	140	8	MAX	LO	160
	Instal- led)	1200	20	MAX	LO	8	MAX	LO	240
2500	70	17	MAX	LO	147	15	MAX	LO	155
	300	17	MAX	LO	164	14	MAX	LO	182
	600	17	MAX	LO	174	16	MAX	LO	182
	1200	18	MAX	LO	183	14	MAX	LO	211
3000	70	32	MAX	LO	141	32	MAX	LO	150
	300	33	MAX	LO	159	32	MAX	LO	170
	600	34	MAX	LO	167	32	MAX	LO	177
	1200	35	MAX	LO	177	33	MAX	LO	190
3500	70	43	MAX	LO	210	40	MAX	LO	158
	300	43	MAX	LO	160	40	MAX	LO	165
	600	43	MAX	LO	171	42	MAX	LO	172
	1200	35	MAX	LO	180	42	MAX	LO	172

SEE PAGE 2-

FREQ KCS	LOAD OHMS	BALANCED				UNBALANCED			
		TUNE COND	COUP TAP	BAND SW TAP	LOAD ADJ COUNT	TUNE COND	COUP TAP	BAND SW TAP	LOAD ADJ COUNT
4000	70	9	2	2	122	8	MAX	2	130
	300	9	2	2	133	8	MAX	2	141
	600	18	2	2	137	8	MAX	2	150
	1300	19	2	2	143	10	2	2	148
4500	70	22	2	2	128	22	2	2	128
	300	22	2	2	131	22	2	2	142
	600	23	2	2	135	22	2	2	144
	1300	23	2	2	141	23	2	2	153
5000	70	32	2	2	129	32	2	2	129
	300	33	2	2	139	33	2	2	142
	600	34	2	2	147	34	2	2	150
	1300	35	2	2	150	34	2	2	153

ANTENNA TUNING UNIT

MODEL TAC

TUNING CHART

8000-12000 Kcs

APPROXIMATE SETTINGS FOR RESISTIVE LOADS

FREQ KCS	LOAD OHMS	TUNE COND	BALANCED COUP TAP	BAND SW TAP	LOAD ADJ COUNT	TUNE COND	UNBALANCED COUP TAP	BAND SW TAP	LOAD ADJ COUNT
6000	70	42	2	2	129	41	2	2	128
	300	43	2	2	131	42	2	2	139
	600	44	2	2	134	42	2	2	142
	1200	44	2	2	139	43	2	2	143
7000	70	18	2	3	122	14	2	3	128
	300	21	2	3	133	21	2	3	139
	600	27	2	3	135	22	2	3	137
	1200	31	2	3	141	24	2	3	142
8000	70	26	2	3	127	26	2	3	125
	300	37	2	3	131	30	2	3	134
	600	27	2	3	135	32	2	3	140
	1200	31	2	3	141	24	2	3	147
9000	70	28	3	3	131	40	3	3	127
	300	38	3	3	129	46	3	3	130
	600	43	3	3	130	48	3	3	133
	1200	44	3	3	134	50	3	3	132

FREQ KCS	LOAD OHMS	TUNE COND	COUP TAP	BAND SW TAP	LOAD ADJ COUNT	TUNE COND	COUP TAP	BAND SW TAP	LOAD ADJ COUNT
10000	70	41	3	3	121	40	3	3	126
	300	41	3	3	126	42	3	3	133
	600	42	3	3	127	44	3	3	132
	1200	44	3	3	129	34	3	3	135
11000	70	50	6	3	128	19	6	4	117
	300	24	8	4	119	21	6	4	126
	600	22	7	4	111	21	6	4	123
	1200	24	7	4	116	22	6	4	122
12000	70	26	6	4	122	26	6	4	120
	300	26	6	4	126	27	6	4	120
	600	32	6	4	123	28	6	4	120
	1200	36	6	4	123	30	6	4	121

-5-
ANTENNA TUNING UNIT

MODEL TAC

TUNING CHART

13000-19000 Kcs

APPROXIMATE SETTINGS FOR RESISTIVE LOADS

FREQ KCS	LOAD OHMS	TUNE COND	COUP TAP	BAND SW TAP	LOAD ADJ COUNT	UNBALANCED			
						TUNING COND	COUP. TAP	BAND SW TAP	LOAD ADJ COUNT
13000	70	14	6	4	124	25	4	4	130
	300	22	4	4	115	32	4	4	135
	600	24	4	4	113	42	7	4	120
	1200	24	4	4	114	43	7	4	118
14500	70	30	6	4	123	34	6	4	122
	300	40	6	4	120	38	6	4	123
	600	45	6	4	120	38	5	4	114
	1200	47	6	4	120	40	6	4	116
15000	70	36	6	4	120	40	4	4	120
	300	43	7	4	117	43	4	4	123
	600	47	7	4	115	45	4	4	120
	1200	50	7	4	114	45	4	4	117
18000	703	30	MIN	5	119	33	6	5	119
	300	41	MIN	5	113	34	6	5	116
	600	42	MIN	5	111	36	6	5	116
	1200	39	MIN	5	111	37	6	5	116

FREQ ICS	LOAD CAMS	TUNE COND	COUP TAP	BAND SW TAP	LOAD ADJ COUNT	TUNE COND	COUP TAP	BAND SW TAP	LOAD ADJ COUNT
7000	70	35	7	5	120	35	6	5	119
	300	41	MIN	5	114	39	6	5	119
	600	42	MIN	5	111	42	4	5	114
	1200	48	MIN	5	111	42	4	5	115
8000	70	40	7	5	118	43	5	5	120
	300	40	7	5	115	42	6	5	117
	600	39	7	5	115	44	6	5	118
	1200	45	7	5	115	50	6	5	114
9000	70	14	7	6	202	34	3	6	168
	300	10	7	6	199	24	4	6	178
	600	11	7	6	199	25	6	6	178
	1200	11	7	6	201	25	6	6	176
10000	70	20	7	6	175	26	4	6	184
	300	20	7	6	175	26	4	6	184
	600	20	7	6	175	26	4	6	184
	1200	20	7	6	175	26	4	6	184
11000	70	20	7	6	175	26	4	6	184
	300	20	7	6	175	26	4	6	184
	600	20	7	6	175	26	4	6	184
	1200	20	7	6	175	26	4	6	184

-7-

TUNING CHART
20000-26000
BALANCED

UNBALANCED

REQ IN	LOAD CHMS	TUNING COND	COMP TAP	BAND SW TAP	LOAD ADJ COUNT	TUNE COND	COMP TAP	BAND SW TAP	LOAD ADJ COUNT
1000	70	33	5	6	155	30	4	6	190
	300	14	7	6	178	29	4	6	174
	600	14	7	6	178	30	4	6	174
	1200	13	7	6	173	30	4	6	174
1000	70	26	7	6	202	31	6	6	182
	300	24	7	6	200	32	6	6	182
	600	25	7	6	200	33	6	6	180
	1200	25	7	6	194	33	6	6	179
1000	70	37	7	6	181	34	6	6	182
	300	20	7	6	180	35	5	6	176
	600	22	7	6	170	35	5	6	179
	1200	22	7	6	185	35	5	6	188
1000	70	30	7	6	188	36	7	6	185
	300	32	7	6	194	36	7	6	183
	600	33	7	6	186	36	7	6	182
	1200	30	7	6	188	36	7	6	182
000	70	30	7	6	180	39	7	6	184
	300	30	7	6	182	39	7	6	181
	600	30	7	6	182	40	7	6	180
	1200	30	7	6	182	40	7	6	180

NO 1	LOAD CHMS	TUNE COND.	COMP TAP	BAND SW TAP	LOAD ADJ COUNT	TUNE COND.	COMP TAP	BAND SW TAP	LOAD ADJ COUNT
600	70	35	7	6	188	13	7	6	197
	300	40	7	6	194	13	7	6	197
	600	40	7	6	194	13	7	6	197
	1200	40	7	6	194	13	7	6	191
600	70	35	7	6	197	20	6	6	150
	300	35	7	6	188	25	6	6	141
	600	35	7	6	188	25	6	6	151
	1200	35	7	6	168	18	6	6	160
1000	70	40	7	6	197	13	7	6	197
	300	40	7	6	194	13	7	6	197
	600	40	7	6	194	13	7	6	197
	1200	40	7	6	194	13	7	6	191

Q 1	LOAD OHMS	BALANCED		TUNING CHART 27000-30000 Kcs			UNBALANCED		
		TUNE COND	COUP TAP	BAND SWITCH TAP	LOCAL ADJ COUNT	TUNE COND	COUP TAP	BAND SW TAP	LOCAL ADJ COUNT
400	70	37	5	6	129	40	6	6	128
	300	42	6	6	124	47	6	6	132
	600	42	6	6	124	38	6	6	132
	1200	42 2	6	6	128	19	5	6	140
400	70	44	7	6	129	44	6	6	133
	300	44	7	6	129	50	6	6	132
	600	44	7	6	129	50	6	6	132
	1200	44	7	6	129	50	6	6	132
400	70	40	7	6	132	45	5	6	143
	300	40	7	6	132	50	5	6	132
	600	40	7	6	132	48	5	6	133
	1200	40	7	6	132	35	5	6	131
400	70	50	7	6	140	20	4	HI	130
	300	50	MIN	6	127	22	4	HI	120
	600	50	MIN	6	127	22	4	HI	120
	1200	50	MIN	6	127	15	4	HI	123

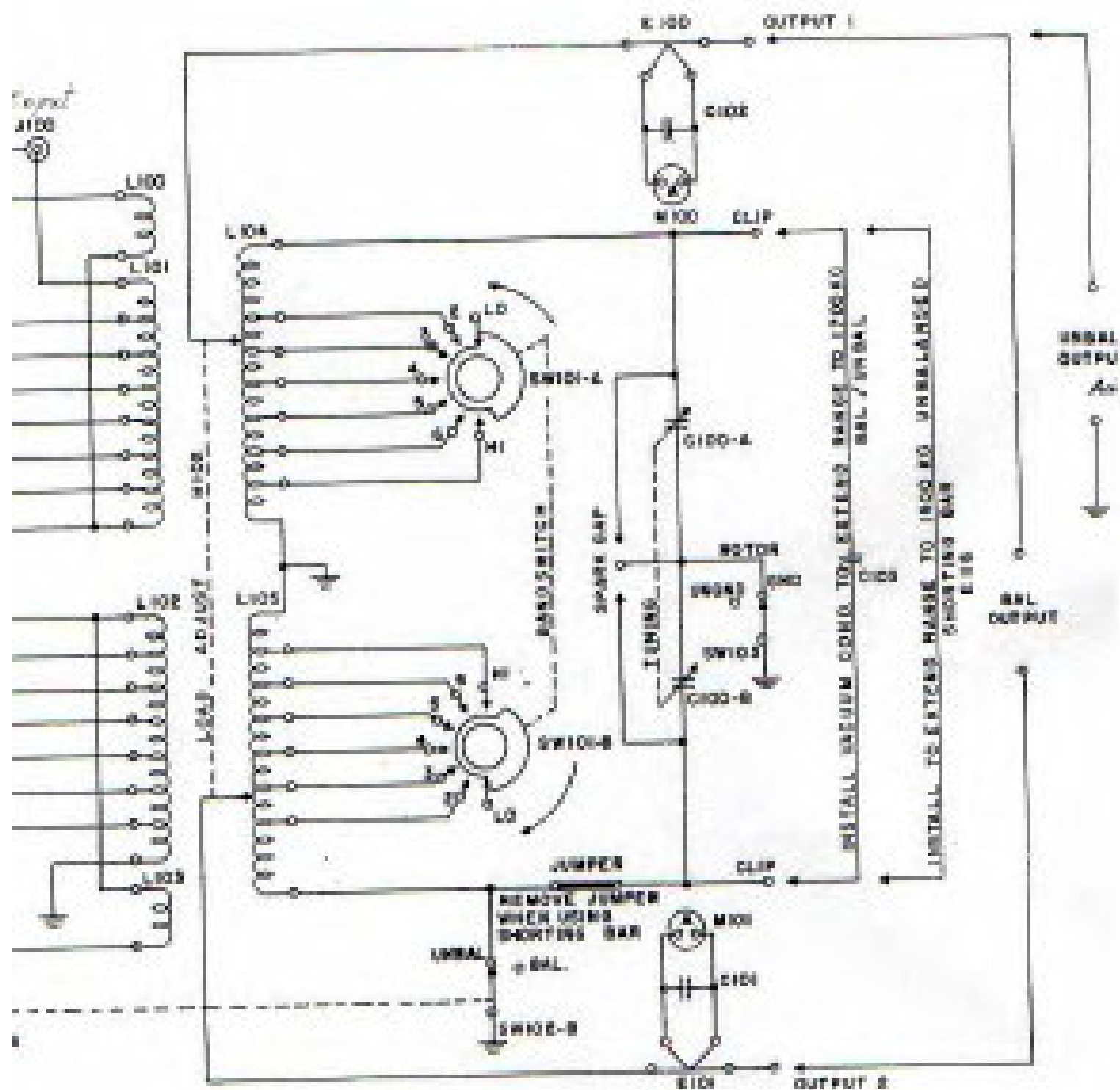


Figure 4-10. Schematic Diagram, Antenna Tuning Unit, Model TA

CL 104

